

INSTALLATION, USE AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL



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SYMBOLS USED IN THE MANUAL



DANGER

To indicate actions that, if not performed correctly, can result in injury of generic origin or may generate malfunction or damage to the appliance; therefore require particular caution and adequate preparation.



IT IS FORBIDDEN

To indicate operations that SHOULD NOT be performed.



IMPORTANT

To indicate particularly useful information and important.

The illustrations and data presented are not binding. The company reserves the right to make without prior notice any changes it deems appropriate for continuous improvement and constant updating.

General information

INTRODUCTION

Dear Customer,

Thank you for having chosen an appliance of the series **SIXEN**, a high quality and efficiency product, reliable and safe. We recommend entrusting its maintenance to professionally qualified personnel who, when necessary, uses original spare parts. This manual contains important information and suggestions that must be observed for easier installation and best possible use of the appliance.



IMPORTANT

Failure to observe the instructions in this manual will void the warranty conditions.



IMPORTANT

This manual refers to boilers with "standard accessories".

For boilers that "do not require continuous monitoring" by the operator refer to the specific technical manual.

RANGE

MODEL	CODE	MODEL	CODE	MODEL	CODE	MODEL	CODE
SIXEN 12 bar				<u>'</u>	,		
SIXEN 350	86240350	SIXEN 1000	86241000	SIXEN 2000	86242000	SIXEN 3500	86243500
SIXEN 500	86240500	SIXEN 1350	86241350	SIXEN 2500	86242500	SIXEN 4000	86244000
SIXEN 650	86240650	SIXEN 1700	86241700	SIXEN 3000	86243000	SIXEN 5000	86245000
SIXEN 800	86240800						
SIXEN EXP 12 ba	r						
SIXEN EXP 350	86240354	SIXEN EXP 1000	86241004	SIXEN EXP 2000	86242004	SIXEN EXP 3500	86243504
SIXEN EXP 500	86240504	SIXEN EXP 1350	86241354	SIXEN EXP 2500	86242504	SIXEN EXP 4000	86244004
SIXEN EXP 650	86240654	SIXEN EXP 1700	86241704	SIXEN EXP 3000	86243004	SIXEN EXP 5000	86245004
SIXEN EXP 800	86240804						
SIXEN 15 bar							
SIXEN 350	86250350	SIXEN 1000	86251000	SIXEN 2000	86252000	SIXEN 3500	86253500
SIXEN 500	86250500	SIXEN 1350	86251350	SIXEN 2500	86252500	SIXEN 4000	86254000
SIXEN 650	86250650	SIXEN 1700	86251700	SIXEN 3000	86253000	SIXEN 5000	86255000
SIXEN 800	86250800						
SIXEN EXP 15 ba	r						
SIXEN EXP 350	86250354	SIXEN EXP 1000	86251004	SIXEN EXP 2000	86252004	SIXEN EXP 3500	86253504
SIXEN EXP 500	86250504	SIXEN EXP 1350	86251354	SIXEN EXP 2500	86252504	SIXEN EXP 4000	86254004
SIXEN EXP 650	86250654	SIXEN EXP 1700	86251704	SIXEN EXP 3000	86253004	SIXEN EXP 5000	86255004
SIXEN EXP 800	86250804						

COMPLIANCE

The steam generators Series **SIXEN** comply with the following European Directives:

- Directive 2014/68/EU (PED)
- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU



NOTE

The factory number is shown on the steam generator data plates.

WARRANTY

The warranty conditions for the SIXEN series boilers are set out in the CONSTRUCTION - WARRANTY CERTIFICATE provided with the product.

3

WARNINGS



IMPORTANT

- The instructions manual is an integral and essential part of the product. If the body is sold or transferred to a new owner or if you relocate and leave the system, always make sure that the manual accompanies the boiler body, so that it can be consulted by the new owner and/or by the installer. In case of damage or loss, request a copy from Technical Assistance Service ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.. This body must be intended for the use it was expressly designed for. The manufacturer will be exempted from any liability, contractual and extra-contractual, for any injury/damage caused to people, animals, or property due to the failure to perform maintenance and/or scheduled periodic checks and improper uses.
- Upon receipt of the steam generator, ensure the integrity and completeness of the supply and, if it does not comply with the order, promptly contact **ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.**
- The **SIXEN** steam generators must be installed by a Certified Company which, at the end of the work, must issue the owner with the declaration of conformity for proper installation, ie in compliance with the national and local laws and regulations in force, and the instructions given in the instruction manuals supplied by **ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.**
- If the appliance is not used for a long period, professionally qualified personnel must intervene to perform the operations described in the specific paragraph, necessary for storing the steam generator.
- The periodic check and maintenance of the appliance is a legislative obligation. The User must have it performed by professionally qualified personnel.
- Make sure the safety valves properly open at the design pressure.
- Make sure the safety pressure switch intervenes properly which, by shutting down the burner, eliminates the cause of the pressure increase.
- Check the correct connection of the accessories to the boiler body (gasket seal check).
- Pay the due attention during handling and installation.
- Periodically check the condition of the same accessories (exclusion of fractures).
- Once installation is completed, check the intervention of the safety valve by carrying out a preventive hydraulic test (at the PT pressure indicated on the ID plate).
- Make sure the safety level switch is working properly, in accordance with the contents of the technical manual supplied with the boiler.
- It is necessary to check that the operating water conductivity values are within those provided in the supplied technical manual.
- Make sure the water loading pump is working properly as described in the technical manual provided with the boiler (pump wear, hydrostatic head in suction, water supply temperature, pump connection/disconnection from the level control probes).
- Analyse the water when necessary, ascertaining that the values are within the limits expressed in this technical manual
 and carry out the due chemical treatments. Check the intervention of the safety probes by lowering the level below the
 minimum required.
- Manually check that the level switch is working properly every 6 hours.
- Do not step on or damage the protective sheath of the cable with any other mean.
- It is not necessary to consider the boiler connections as support points for the weight of the pipes.
- It is good practice to provide expansion joints and appropriate supports for the pipes connecting the boiler to the system
- Check that the panel power supply complies with the wiring diagram supplied.
- Make sure the generator is properly earthed.
- Check the plant's electrical system.
- Before opening the manhole, check that the pressure in the boiler body is equal to the atmospheric pressure (0 relative bar).
- Before opening the door, check that the burner is off and disconnected.
- Switch off the burner and the pump before closing the shut-off valve.
- Avoid contact with the non-insulated parts of the equipment during its operation. When adjustments or checks are carried
 out during operation, it is necessary to protect oneself with suitable clothing (P.P.E. according to Italian Legislative Decree
 81/08).



IMPORTANT

- Climb up and down the top of the boiler body to perform ordinary and extraordinary maintenance operations using PPE according to the Regulations in force in the Unit Installation Country.
- Pay attention to sharp edges on the generator and its accessories.
- The boiler must be kept sheltered from adverse weather conditions, with regard to the minimum temperature (-10 ° C) and from the rain.
- The user is responsible for considering the seismic degree of the user area in the design of the heating plant.
- After an earthquake, have technical personnel assess any damage by carrying out NDCs (non-destructive checks), if necessary.
- The manufacturer shall not be held liable in the event of accidents caused by incorrect decommissioning.
- The personnel in charge must be able to prove to have sufficient knowledge and experience relating to the safety and control / regulation accessories supplied with the generator and good familiarity with the instructions contained in the use and maintenance manual and be capable and physically suitable.
- During handling, always maintain a distance of at least 5 m from the projection of the appliance to the ground
- In case of violent impact during handling, visually check the integrity of the appliance, all over; run the hydraulic test again.
- For any downgrading, comply with what specified in the Regulations in force in the Unit Installation Country.
- The generators are sized only for loads due to pressure, temperature and contained fluid.

PROHIBITIONS



IT IS FORBIDDEN

- Operate electrical devices or appliances such as switches, household appliances, etc. if you smell fuel or unburnt materials.
 In this case:
 - ventilate the room by opening doors and windows
 - close the fuel shut-off device
- Perform any technical or cleaning intervention before disconnecting the appliance from the electrical power supply and wearing the Personal Protective Equipment (P.P.E. according to Italian Legislative Decree 81/08).
- Modify the safety or adjustment devices without the steam generator manufacturer's permission and instructions.
- Plug or dimensionally reduce the ventilation openings of the installation room. The ventilation openings are essential for proper combustion.
- Perform any welding/repairs. If necessary, contact the manufacturer/verifying party for operation (in Italy according to MD 329/04).
- Expose the generator to atmospheric agents.
- Leave flammable substances and containers in the room where the appliance is installed.
- Disperse the packaging material in the environment and leave it within the reach of children as it may be a potential source of danger. It must be disposed of in accordance with the legislation in force.

HAZARDS



DANGER

- Dangers due to water leaks. Disconnect the boiler from the electrical power supply, close the water supply and promptly
 contact the Technical Assistance Service Authorised ICI CALDAIE S.p.A. or professionally qualified personnel.
- Danger of explosion. Routine and extraordinary maintenance must be entrusted to professionally qualified personnel
 with the purpose of promptly detecting any damage to the generator's pressurised body and the safety and control
 accessories.



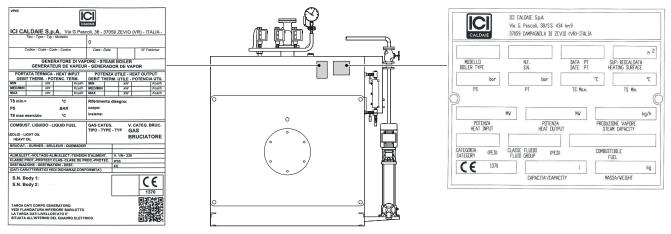
DANGER

- **Danger deriving from the fuel.** Sensing the presence of fuel in the thermal power plant, it is appropriate to follow the precautions below to avoid the risk of explosions and fires:
 - do not smoke or cause sparks
- do not turn on lights or electrical devices in general (mobile phones)
- open doors and windows
- close the fuel shut-off valve normally placed outside the thermal power plant
- disconnect the electrical power supply by using the switch normally placed outside the thermal power plant.
- **Danger of burns.** During normal operation, the generator has hot parts that, upon accidental contact without suitable personal protection, can cause serious burns. Potentially hot parts include:
 - accessories and valves connected to the generator
 - door and smoke chamber
 - upper tread walkway.
- Danger from fumes. An incorrect adjustment of the closing door or an insufficient draught in the flue can leave fumes inside the thermal power plant, causing fatal intoxication deriving from carbon monoxide which, by its nature, is colourless and odourless. Therefore, ensure the generator is properly installed and adjusted and the presence of ventilation openings in the thermal power plant are compliant with the regulations in force.

IDENTIFICATION

Each **SIXEN** steam generator is identified by two different data plates:.

- **Boiler body data plate**: it is positioned below the ICI CALDAIE logo, screwed to the upper covering of the front plate; this plate bears the significant data of the boiler body and is riveted on specific support.
- Assembly data plate: it is glued outside the front covering panel of the front plate; this plate bears the data of the boiler complete with accessories that may differ from those of the boiler body only.



The appliance is also accompanied by **construction certificate** attesting the successful result of the hydraulic test.



IMPORTANT

The installation must be carried out in compliance with the local applicable regulations by **professionally qualified personnel**, ie personnel having specific technical skills in the steam production system component sector. An incorrect installation can harm people or damage property for which the manufacturer cannot be liable.

During **commissioning** check the effectiveness of all adjustment and control devices in the control panel.

The warranty validity is subject to compliance with the instructions in this manual.

APPLIANCE DESCRIPTION

Steam boilers ICI CALDAIE S.p.A. SIXEN are monobloc appliances operating automatically.

The horizontal combustion chamber is with flame inversion and the tube bundle is complete with helical turbulators.

The single front door is thermally insulated with refractory materials and is mounted on adjustable hinges, easily opened without having to remove the burner; it is equipped with visor for flame control.

The smoke box is fixed with bolts to the back of the generator. It is equipped with smoke duct fitting, cleaning door and can be dismantled.

The body is thermally insulated with high density rock wool mat, protected with stainless steel panels.

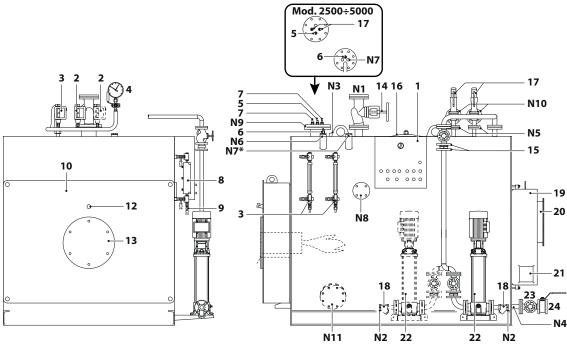
They are equipped with water side inspection opening (flanged hatch - no.2 from model 2500).

They use a single control panel in which the entire electrical wiring converges.

The appliance rests on a carbon steel profile base that ensures its stability.

Steam boilers **SIXEN** are certified both for liquid and gaseous fuels for steam production from 350 to 5000 kg/h at high pressure (12-15 bar).

STRUCTURE



- 1 Electrical panel
- **2** Regulation pressure switch (no.2 pressure switches only for EXP versions)
- **3** Block pressure switch
- **4** Pressure gauge
- 5 1st safety level probe (minimum)
- **6** 2nd safety level probe (minimum)
- 7 Level adjustment probes (start/stop)
- 8 Level indicator
- **9** Level indicator discharge
- **10** Front door
- **11** Level test valves

- 12 Flame control warning light
- **13** Burner application plate
- 14 Steam inlet valve
- 15 Check valves
- **16** Inspection hatch
- **17** Safety valves
- **18** Supply filter
- **19** Rear smoke chamber
- **20** Chimney fitting
- **21** Cleaning door
- **22** Electric feed pump (no.2 electric pumps only for EXP versions)
- 23 Globe valve
- **24** Drain valve

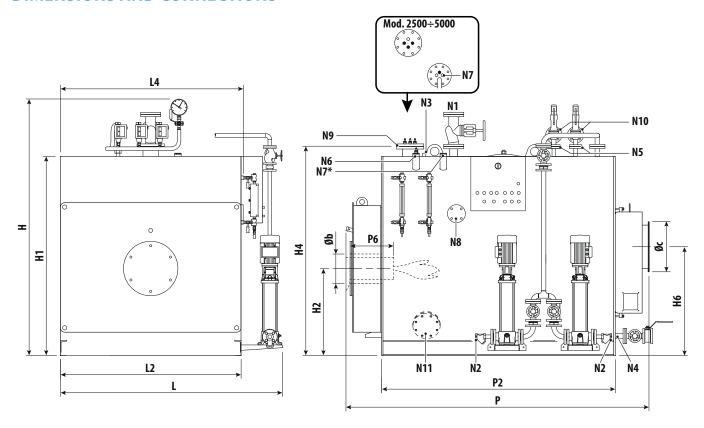
- N1 Steam inlet
- **N2** Supply
- **N3** Instruments fitting (mod. 350 ÷ 2000)
- **N4** Boiler drain
- **N5** Safety valve(s) fitting
- **N6** Fitting of safety level second probe
- N7 Maximum level fitting
- **N7*** Maximum level fitting (mod. 1000 ÷ 2000)
- **N8** Salinity control fitting
- **N9** Probe holder cylinder
- N10 Safety valve drain
- **N11**Lower inspection point

NOTE

Drawing, legend and data refer to standard models. For specific models refer to the supplied accessory manual.

For practical needs, the electric panel for models SIXEN 350÷800 vers. IT and SIXEN 350÷1350 vers. EXP is installed on the left, while for models SIXEN 1000÷5000 vers. IT and SIXEN 1700÷5000 vers. EXP is installed on the right. The drawing shows an example of steam boiler with panel on the right.

DIMENSIONS AND CONNECTIONS



Dimensions

D								SIXEN						
Description	u.m.	350	500	650	800	1000	1350	1700	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	5000
Н	mm	1825	1825	1930	1943	2150	2150	2300	2300	2460	2540	2710	2850	2970
H1	mm	1340	1340	1460	1460	1670	1670	1830	1830	1990	1990	2180	2300	2420
H2	mm	585	585	625	625	660	660	800	800	850	850	895	915	1000
H4	mm	1470	1470	1560	1560	1840	1840	1920	1920	2060	2060	2250	2400	2520
H6	mm	800	800	800	800	800	800	1000	1000	1080	1080	1080	1195	1195
L	mm	1760	1760	1880	1675	1900	1880	2040	1990	2215	2215	2350	2470	2730
L2	mm	1180	1180	1300	1300	1510	1510	1660	1660	1840	1840	1980	2100	2220
L4	mm	1210	1210	1320	1330	1550	1540	1710	1710	1860	1860	2020	2140	2260
Р	mm	1840	2120	2130	2350	2350	2760	2790	3150	3200	3700	3791	4360	4740
P2	mm	1265	1510	1515	1735	1740	2150	2150	2510	2510	3010	3010	3500	3754
P6	mm	280-330	280-330	320-370	320-370	350-400	350-400	370-420	370-420	420-470	420-470	480-530	480-530	480-530
Øb	mm	225	225	225	225	280	280	320	320	360	360	360	400	400
Øc	mm	250	250	300	300	350	350	400**	400**	450**	450**	500**	550**	600**
tb (ØxP) [1]	mm	36x1220	36x1220	36x1500	36x1500	36x1220	36x1500	36x2000	36x2000	48x2400	48x2700	48x2700	48x2700	48x2700
tb [1]	n.	20	26	30	40	40	58	64	72	74	74	92	102	114

Attachments

Actuciline														
Dagawinstian								SIXEN						
Description	u.m.	350	500	650	800	1000	1350	1700	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	5000
N1	DN/in	32	32	40	40	50	50	65	65	80	80	80	100	125
N2	DN/in	1″1/2	1″1/2	1″1/2	1″1/2	1″1/2	1″1/2	1″1/2	50	50	50	50	50	50
N1/N2	PN	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
N3	DN/in	1"	1"	1"	1"	1"	1"	1"	1"	-	-	-	-	-
N4	DN/in	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
N5	DN/in	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	32	32	32	32
N6	DN/in	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
N7	DN/in	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
N8	DN/in	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
N9	DN/in	100	100	100	100	125	125	125	125	125	125	150	150	150
N10	DN/in	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	50	50	50	50
N11	DN/in	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	150	150	150	150

^[1] Tb=Turbulators size and quantity.

TECHNICAL DATA

DECEDIDATION					SIXEN							
DESCRIPTION	u.m.	350	500	650	800	1000	1350	1700				
Effective rated [1]	kW	238	341	443	545	681	920	1158				
Thermal capacity	kW	265	379	492	606	757	1022	1287				
Efficiency at 100% (ref. P.C.I.) [1]	%	90	90	90	90	90	90	90				
Pressure drops on exhaust side	mbar	5	6,5	5	5	7	6,5	9,5				
Rated pressure	bar	12/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	12/15				
Min may an avating a processor	bar (12 bar version)				8 - 11,5							
Min-max operating pressure	bar (15 bar version)	12 - 14										
Total capacity	-	810	921	1120	1250	1830	2190	2640				
Capacity at level	-	590	673	900	950	1280	1475	2000				
Evaporating surface	m²	1,14	1,43	1,44	1,65	2,09	2,59	2,69				
Steam production [1]	kg/h	350	500	650	800	1000	1350	1700				
Rated frequency ~ voltage	Volt ∼ Hz	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400				
Electric protection rating	IP	55	55	55	55	55	55	55				
Absorbed electrical power [2]	W	7000	7000	7000	7000	7000	7000	7000				
Allowed fuels		Methane - LPG - Diesel - Naphtha										
Totali abt	kg (12 bar version)	1500	1600	2000	2150	2720	3020	3600				
Total weight	kg (15 bar version)	1600	1750	2200	2350	3000	3550	3900				

DESCRIPTION				SIX	ŒN						
DESCRIPTION	u.m.	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	5000				
Effective rated [1]	kW	1363	1703	2044	2385	2726	3407				
Thermal capacity	kW	1514	1893	2271	2650	3028	3786				
Efficiency at 100% (ref. P.C.I.) [1]	%	90	90	90	90	90	90				
Pressure drops on exhaust side	mbar	10	6,5	9	9	10	11				
Rated pressure	bar	12/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	12/15				
Min many an arration a management	bar (12 bar version)	8 - 11,5									
Min-max operating pressure	bar (15 bar version)	12 - 14									
Total capacity	I	3050	3380	4020	5000	6950	7400				
Capacity at level	I	2300	2490	2825	3600	4800	5200				
Evaporating surface	m²	3,14	3,43	4,12	4,43	5,75	6,46				
Steam production [1]	kg/h	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	5000				
Rated frequency ~ voltage	Volt ∼ Hz	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400	3/N~ 400				
Electric protection rating	IP	55	55	55	55	55	55				
Absorbed electrical power [2]	W	15000	15000	15000	20000	20000	20000				
Allowed fuels		Methane - LPG - Diesel - Naphtha									
Tatal	kg (12 bar version)	4700	5000	5650	7100	8600	10150				
Total weight	kg (15 bar version)	4300	5400	6200	7500	9100	10400				

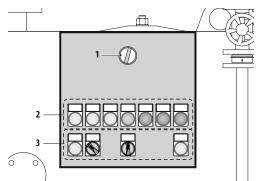
^[1] Average temperature 70°C.

CONTROL PANEL

The SIXEN steam generator is equipped with a control panel for managing and controlling the appliance.

The type of panel is established according to the steam generator configuration. For more details refer to the layout and wiring diagram provided with the installed panel.

The following figure shows, by way of example, one of the usable panels.



- **1** Main switch
- 2 Signals area
- 3 Controls area

^[2] With electronic control unit (circulator and burner excluded).

BURNERS

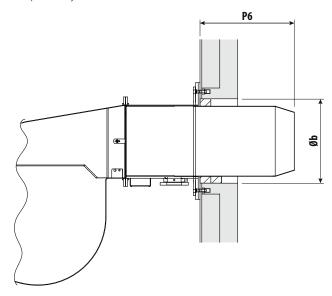
The burners that can be installed on the **SIXEN** boilers must be CE marked according to European Directives:

- Gas Directive 2009/142/EC
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU
- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC (for liquid fuel burners)

They must also be able to operate on boilers with flame inversion combustion chamber.

Since the optimal operation of the steam generator depends on the correct choice of burner and its adjustment, below are some points to consider:

- The working range of the burner must include the operating point of the steam generator (flow rate-back pressure in combustion chamber considering also the possible resistance/draught of the smoke duct
- the length of the combustion head must be adequate to the penetration into the combustion chamber provided by ICI and shown in the table
- the length and shape of the flame must be suitable to the flame inversion combustion chambers. The burner manufacturers have this information as they are required by certification.



Description			SIXEN											
Description	u.m.	350	500	650	800	1000	1350	1700	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	5000
Øb	mm	225	225	225	225	280	280	320	320	360	360	360	400	400
P6	mm	280-330	280-330	320-370	320-370	350-400	350-400	370-420	370-420	420-470	420-470	480-530	480-530	480-530



IMPORTANT

The gap between the mouthpiece and door must be filled with flame-resistant thermoceramic material.

PAPERWORK

These generators, supplied in single-block, are CE marked according to the Directive 2014/68/EU "PED".

The documentation supplied with the generator is:

- declaration of conformity of the whole
- use and maintenance manual (always housed in the electrical panel)
- safety valve certificate, declaration of conformity, use and maintenance manual
- feed pump characteristic curve
- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC (for liquid fuel burners)
- wiring diagram (always housed in the electrical panel).



USER OBLIGATIONS

Check which pressure equipment commissioning and use regulations are in force in the country of use.

In Italy, Ministerial Decree 329/04 applies.

For information purposes, the obligations the user must comply with under Art. 6 of Ministerial Decree 329/04 are listed for commissioning and use.

DECLARATION OF COMMISSIONING OF THE GENERATOR

- At the time of commissioning, the equipment and the set user sends INAIL and the Local Health Unit (USL) or the competent Local Health Company (ASL) a commissioning declaration containing:
 - the list of individual equipment with relevant values of pressure, temperature, capacity and working fluid
 - a technical report, with plant diagram, bearing the installation and operating conditions, safety, protection and control measures adopted
 - a specific declaration, prepared in accordance with art.2 of the Presidential Decree of 20 October 1998, no. 403, certifying that the installation has been carried out in compliance with the operating manual
 - the verification report, where required
 - a list of components operating under viscous flow regime or subjected to cycle fatigue (if any).
- The safety accessories, control devices and shut-off valves are not the subject of independent commissioning declaration. They follow the procedures of pressure equipment that they are designed to protect.
- For pressure equipment and sets excluded from the commissioning control, pursuant to article 5, the commissioning declaration referred to in paragraph 1 allows the equipment or set to be activated provided that the user certifies that these have been duly installed, maintained and used in compliance with their intended use, do not compromise the health and safety of persons or domestic animals or the safety of property.

FIRE PREVENTION

A fire prevention certificate issued by the Provincial Fire Brigade is required for the sets suitable for the production of heat with furnace power above 116 kW.

To this end, it is necessary to submit paperwork consisting of:

- application according to facsimile in distribution c/o Fire-fighters
- general plans of the company with location of the heating system
- heating system drawings
- technical report.

COMPONENTS

The **SIXEN** steam generators are equipped with a set of components that can be divided into:

- Safety components (safety valves, safety level switches, safety pressure switch).
- Indicator components (level indicator, pressure gauge, flame warning light).
- Adjustment components (level regulators, pressure switches, pressure transmitters).
- Supply components (centrifugal pump).
- Operating components (shut-off valves, drain valve).

In the following descriptions, the accessories are divided according to the physical quantity they control (pressure and level).

PRESSURE

PRESSURE GAUGE

The pressure gauge is of Bourdon type and it consists of a very flat arch-shaped elliptical metal tube and shows the design pressure on the graduated scale (marked in red). One of the ends is open and it communicated with the inside of the generator whose pressures is to be measured; the other end, closed and free to move, is connected to the index by a toothed sector lever system. The pressure gauge is mounted on a three-way valve that allows performing the following operations:

- Communication between generator and pressure gauge (normal operating position).
- Communication between pressure gauge and the outside (position needed to purge the siphon).
- Communication between generator, pressure gauge and sample pressure gauge (position needed for pressure gauge comparison).



Indicative figure for 12 bar boiler.

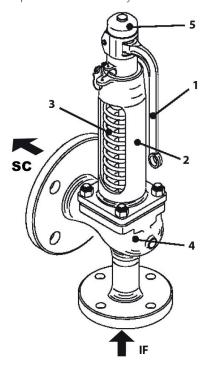
SAFETY VALVES

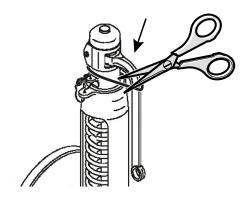
The safety valves are able to maintain the pressure in the generator to the design pressure (save temporary peaks of 10% max of the max PS of the whole) even if all other pressure control devices (pressure switches and transmitters) are out of use. These valves are regulated by specific national and international standards, therefore they are sized, tested, installed and maintained

in compliance with the applicable regulations and the contents of this manual.

The **use and maintenance manual** is supplied with the safety valves.

The main components of the safety valve are:





- **1** Lifting lever
- **2** Hat
- **3** Spring
- 4 Valve body
- **5** *Cap*
- **SC** Drain
- **IF** Fluid inlet

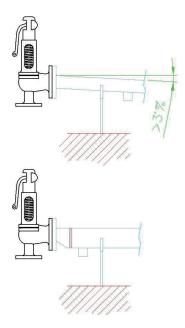


IMPORTANT

Before starting the generator, remove the steel wire that blocks the lever during transport. Make sure that the lifting lever is free to move.

In case of conveyed drain, bracket the conveying pipe to compensate the reaction force generated when the fluid is drained. Make one or more draining holes in the conveying pipe to drain any condensate.

Drain must take place in the atmosphere, direct the valve so as not to harm people or damage property.



Interception valves must not be provided.

The exhaust pipe must be designed in such a way that any low temperatures do not create ice that ob-structs the outlet.

N.B.: Bracket at no more than 1 m away



IMPORTANT

The operation of the safety valves is sensitive to pressure losses that occur in the drain conveying pipe during their opening. The pressure losses in the drain conveying pipe of the safety valves must be 0. The nominal diameter of the exhaust pipe must be greater than or equal to the size of the safety valve outlet connection. A diameter \geq 1.5 DN (PSV) is suggested.

VALVE MAINTENANCE

The valve is a very delicate mechanism, so the system operator must check its efficiency. If necessary, contact a technician authorised by the manufacturer.

It is good practice for the safety valves installed to protect the plant:

- to be operated (once a week) with system pressurised, by activating the manual lifting lever of the shutter
- to have their calibration checked once a year, directly on the system or with bench test
- to be subjected to overhaul every two years
- to be replaced after ten years of operation



IMPORTANT

The safety valves are designed and built to operate without lubricant; simply keep them clean and efficient. Always refer to the specific manual.

SAFETY PRESSURE SWITCH

The pressure switch is equipped with a single-pole switch, of which the position of the contact depends on the pressure on the relevant connection and on the value set. It is calibrated at a higher pressure compared to the maximum one of the pressure transmitter, but always lower than the opening pressure of the safety valve.

The safety pressure switch intervenes in case of steam pressure regulator failure (adjustment pressure switch or pressure transmitter) and permanently stops the burner.



- **1** Sealed anti-tampering cap
- 2 Polyamide cover
- **3** Stainless steel bellows
- **4** Pressure connection G 1/2 A
- **5** Protection class IP 66
- **6** 2 x PG 13.5 cable diameter 6 14 mm
- **7** SPDT interchangeable contact system

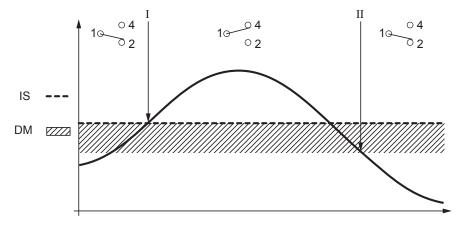


IMPORTANT

The safety pressure switch is calibrated and sealed during generator construction.

Operation

When the pressure exceeds the set value, contacts 1-4 close and contacts 1-2 open. Contacts go back to their initial position when the pressure drops below the set value, minus the differential value (fixed at 1.2 bar).

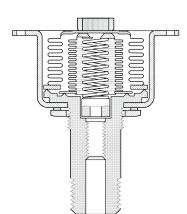


- I Alarm triggered by the increase of the pressure above the set value.
- II Alarm triggered by the decrease of the pressure below the set value, minus the differential value.
- **IS** Scale setting.

DMMechanical differential.

Intrinsic safety operation for increasing pressure

The figure shows a section of the intrinsic safety bellows for increasing pressure.



When pressure increases, the contact lever interrupts the connection between terminals 1 and 2. Should the internal bellows pierce, the pressure will be sent to the external bellows. The external bellows surface is three times higher than the one of the internal bellows. The connection between terminals 1 and 2 is interrupted. Should the external bellows pierce, atmospheric pressure will be present between the two bellows.

The contact system interrupts the connection between terminals 1 and 2. Thanks to the double bellows structure, in case of breakage, fluid will not leak into the environment.

OPERATING PRESSURE SWITCH (2 for EXP version; 1 for IT version)

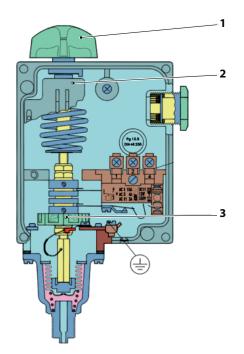
Device that controls the generator pressure and keeps it within the preset value.

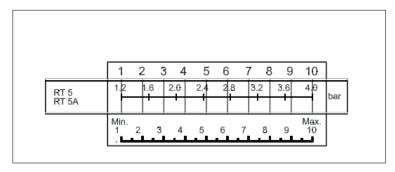
Instructions for calibration

The electric switch has three screws (1-2-4 from left to right). Upon reaching the set pressure the contact 1-2 is switched into contact 1-4.

Pressure switch calibration

- Rotate the knob (1) until setting the index of the scale (2) to the pressure value at which you wish the burner to restart.
- Remove the cover of the pressure switch and set the drum (3) to the value selected for the differential (burner stop) based on the "Scale of the differential regulation disc".





Scale of the differential regulation disc

Example

Pressure switch type: RT 5 Scale index: 9 bar

Drum index: 4 corresponding to 2.1 bar

Burner start: 9 bar Burner stop: 11.1 bar

LEVEL

LEVEL INDICATOR

The level indicator consists of a pair of valves connected to a reflecting box containing a prismatic glass.

This appliance is connected to the generator above and below the normal water level, while at the lower end it is equipped with a purge valve to evacuate the sludge and keep the glass clean.

With these valves you can periodically test the efficiency of the level control system by performing the following operations. Open the purge valve for a few seconds and close it again.

If the water disappears and then quickly returns to the starting point with large swings, it can be assumed that the level works well. Whereas, if the water slowly returns or stops at a different point from the previous, it means that one of the communications is obstructed; to ascertain which of the two and to try purging it, close the steam valve leaving the water valve open, then reopen the purge valve: water should come from here, taking with it any muddy deposits formed in the ducts.

When the water valve is closed, the steam valve opens and steam must come out from the purge.

By closing the purge valve and leaving the two steam and water side valves open, the water must return to the starting point. If this does not happen, clean the connecting ducts of the level indicator to the generator.

During commissioning, make sure that the vent and drain are closed. During operation the shut-off valves must be fully open. To reduce the possible leaks, the indicators must be periodically insulated to check that the tightening torque of bolts is at least 30 Nm.

Do not proceed with maintenance without having firstly checked that:

- The generator pressure is equal to the atmospheric pressure.
- The indicator temperature is equal to the environment temperature.

Maintenance must be carried out when:

- The crystal looses part of its transparency, partially opaque, signs of internal roughness due to erosion or corrosion as it involves loss of geometry and reading becomes difficult.
- Minimal leaks from the gaskets or shut-off groups are also noticed.

AUTOMATIC LEVEL REGULATOR AND SAFETY LEVEL SWITCH

The detection and control principle of the level is based on the electrical conductivity of the water.

The following conditions must be met to ensure the proper operation of the level switch:

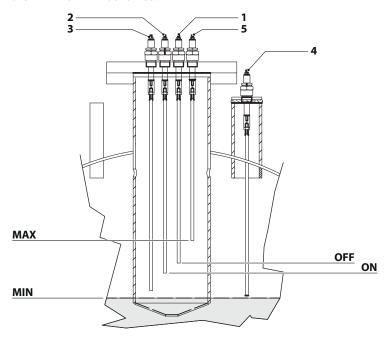
- Water conductivity: >250 μS/cm
- Generator temperature: <210°C
- Pressure: <20 bar

(See the "Operating water" paragraph).

The appliance consists of a part located in the control panel (electronic relays) and probes of different length immersed in the generator body.

The operation includes:

- **Automatic start and stop of the pump:** it is managed with two probes inserted in the generator, one longer (2) to start the pump and one shorter (1) to stop it, connected to a single adjustment relay in the control panel
- **Burner stop for low level:** it is managed with two probes (3 and 4) of the same length, inserted in the generator and connected to two separate adjustment relays in the control panel. They generate a burner stop if the water level drops below the minimum limit allowed.



Probes in the generator:

- **1** Pump stop
- **2** Pump start
- **3** 1st minimum level safety (burner lock and alarm insertion)
- **4** 2nd minimum level safety (burner lock and alarm insertion)
- **5** Maximum level safety (optional)

N.B.: In addition to the ringing of the alarm in the installation room, it is advisable to add an acoustic or visual signal in a regularly attended place.

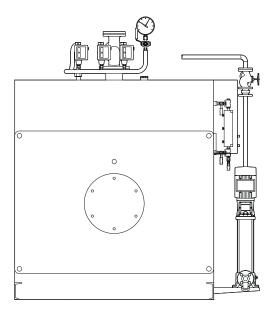
2 Installation

PRODUCT RECEIPT

The **SIXEN** generators are supplied complete with accessories.

The combustion chamber contains:

- turbulator unit to be inserted in the smoke pipes during installation
- thermoceramic material to be inserted in the gap between burner mouthpiece and door insulation. The control panel contains the following documentation:
- declaration of conformity
- use and maintenance manual
- safety valve certificate, with declaration of conformity and use and maintenance manual
- feed pump characteristic curve
- electrical diagram



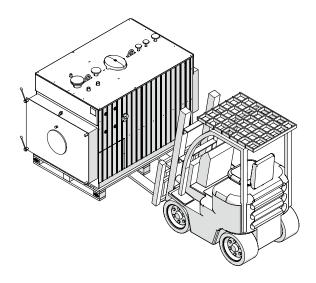


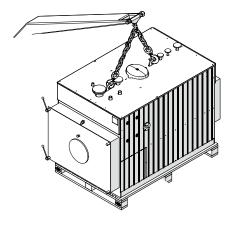
IMPORTANT

The instruction manual is an integral part of the appliance and so MUST be carefully read before installing and commissioning the generator, carefully stored for future consultation and MUST always accompany the appliance.

HANDLING

The **SIXEN** steam generator must be handled using means adequate to the size and weight of the appliance, using the provided lifting evebolts.







ATTENTION

The Personal Protective Equipment required by current legislation must be used.

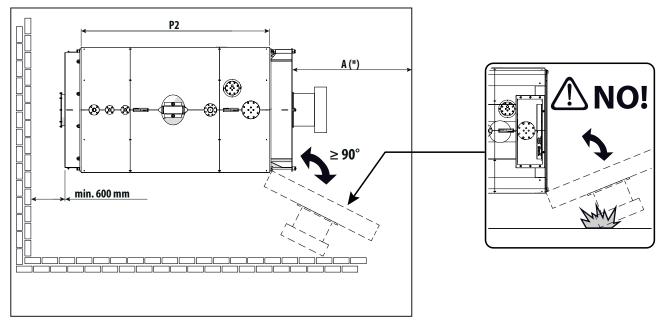
INSTALLATION ROOM

POSITIONING

The **SIXEN** boiler installation room must be for exclusive use, meet the Technical Standards and Legislation in force and equipped with adequately sized ventilation openings.

It is recommended to position the boiler, if possible, lifted from the floor to minimise dust extraction by the burner fan. For information only, below is some useful information:

- the room must be provided with a main entrance for steam generator passage and two doors with panic bar for personnel. It must also be provided with an adequate fire-fighting system
- the support base of the generator must be flat and able to withstand the weight of the appliance full of water, complete with accessories and pipes for the possible execution of the on-site hydraulic test
- it must be equipped with ventilation openings created as established by the relevant Technical Standards
- the installation room must be for the exclusive use of personnel working on the steam generator. Prohibition for unauthorised people to access should be appropriately indicated
- buffer zones must be provided around the generator, wide enough to allow operators to safely carry out the running, control and maintenance of all installed components
- consider the possible the need to replace components that fail over time.



(*) $A \ge P2$ (see "Size and fittings*)



IMPORTANT

- A space is necessary at the front of the generator, at least equal to the length of the tube bundle to allow the extraction of the turbulators to clean the pipes and possibly replace the smoke pipes.
- All generator, safety valves discharges, etc., must be suitably conveyed to inspectionable collection points.



ATTENTION

- Consider the spaces necessary to access the adjustment and safety devices and to perform maintenance.
- If the burner is fed with gas of specific weight greater than that of the air, the electrical parts must be positioned at least 500 mm from the ground.

ROOM VENTILATION

The installation room must be equipped with a ventilation system according to the current legislation. For the dimensions of the openings, always refer to the current legislation.

The ventilation openings are used to allow the inflow of combustion air and to eliminate any fuel gas pockets from the room. Indicatively, if gases lighter than air (methane) are used, the ventilation openings must be placed at the highest point of the room; vice-versa, for fuel gas heavier than air (lpg), the ventilation openings must be placed flush with the floor.

SYSTEM CLEANING

All system pipes, especially those already installed, must be carefully cleaned and/or washed, to eliminate processing residues and any sludge. The gaskets interposed in the joints must not reduce the pipe section.

HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS

Once positioned, the steam generator bodies must be connected to the system in the following points:

- Water; From the condensate collection tank (if present, otherwise from the purified water collection) to the feed pump intake.
- **Steam;** From the main steam inlet valve to the uses (distribution manifold or others), from the safety valves outlet to outside the room, in a safe position.
- **Drains;** From the level indicator discharge, from the boiler discharge to the drain mains.
- Fuels; Connection to burner provided for methane gas, lpg, diesel and naphtha.
- **Compressed air;** The air pressure must be between 4 and 10 bar.



IMPORTANT

We recommend insulating the system pipes to avoid heat dispersion and greater fuel consumption.

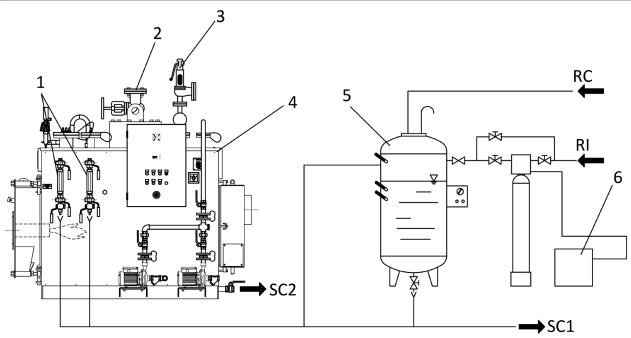
Make sure that the drains of the generator safety valves have been connected to a drain well in order to avoid that, in case of intervention, the rooms are flooded.

Make sure that the water and heating system pipes are not used as earthing point of the electrical system. The air must be filtered with 25 μ m mesh.



IMPORTANT

ICI CALDAIE S.p.A. is not liable for any harm to people, animals or property damage caused by errors in the choice of components or in the construction of the plant.



- **1** Visual level indicator
- 2 Steam inlet
- **3** Safety valve

- 4 Steam generator
- **5** Condensate tank
- **6** Feed water purifier
- **RC** Condensate return
- **RI** Water mains
- **sc** Drains

FLUE EXHAUST

The main chimney features, such as height, section, type of outlet in the atmosphere, control points, smoke mass, must be established by a company specialised in the sector that will operate according to the applicable Standards and Legislation. The connection between chimney and generator (smoke duct) must be made according to the specific plant requirements.



IMPORTAN

The diameter of the connection between chimney and generator (smoke duct) must not be less than that shown in the "DIMENSIONS AND CONNECTIONS" table (ØC value).

FRONT DOOR OPENING

The door is adjusted in the factory with standard opening to the left (Sx) and hinges on the right (Dx).



DANGER

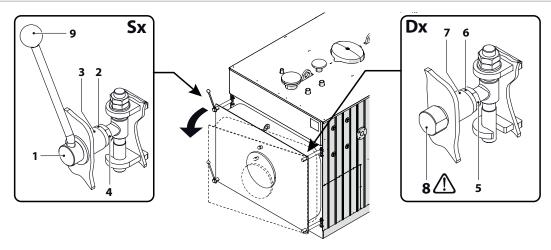
It is DANGEROUS TO UNSCREW the ferrules (8) on the side of the hinges. This may cause the door to detach, with possible serious harm to people and property damage.

DOOR OPENING REVERSAL (TO THE RIGHT)



IMPORTANT

Door opening inversion is possible ONLY for models from SIXEN 350 to SIXEN 1400.



NOTE

The ferrules (8) can be "adjusted with wrench" or "perforated for lever adjustment".

DOOR WITH FERRULES PERFORATED ON BOTH SIDES

Proceed as follows to reverse the opening direction of the door:

- screw the left perforated ferrules (1) so that the door seal gasket is pressed in the same way as the right part. Bring the conical washers (2) of the left tie-rods close to the mechanical tubes (3) of the door and tighten the nuts (4) using a suitable wrench
- on the right opening side, loosen the nuts (5) and free the conical washers (6) from the mechanical tubes (7) of the door.

DOOR WITH WRENCH FERRULES, HINGE SIDE



DANGER

In models equipped with wrench-adjustable ferrules (8), these must always be mounted on the hinges to prevent the door from being accidentally opened through the lever (9).

Proceed as follows to reverse the opening direction of the door:

- screw the left perforated ferrules (1) so that the door seal gasket is pressed in the same way as the right part. Bring the conical washers (2) of the left tie-rods close to the mechanical tubes (3) of the door and tighten the nuts (4) using a suitable wrench
- cross-change the wrench ferrule of a hinge (8) with the opposite perforated ferrule (1), after loosening the locking nuts on the tie rods and freeing the conical washers
- on the left hinge side, fasten the conical washer (2) onto the door using the nut (4s)
- repeat the last two steps for the other two ferrules also.



DANGER

When cross-changing ferrules, always make sure that the other two ferrules are fastened, so that they hold the door.

Check the correct adjustment of the tie-rods and hinges ensuring that, during closure, the seal gasket is evenly pressed in the centre on the whole circumference. If necessary, adjust the door as described in the following paragraph.

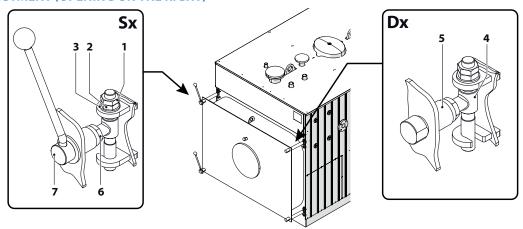
FRONT DOOR ADJUSTMENT



DANGER

Incorrect door adjustment with consequent damage to people and property voids the warranty conditions.

DOOR ADJUSTMENT (OPENING ON THE RIGHT)



VERTICAL ADJUSTMENT

To make the adjustment:

- with the door ajar, loosen the counter-nuts (1) of the hinge units
- act on the adjustment nuts (2) to lift or lower the door by centring the gasket on the stop plate, then block the counter-nuts (1)
- close the door and centre the tie-rod (4) on the mechanical tube (5), proceeding as in the previous point.

HORIZONTAL ADJUSTMENT

Close the door using the lever and check that there is equal distance on both sides, between the stop plate and the band. If this is not the case:

- with the door ajar, loosen the locking nuts (6) of the hinge units
- act on the ferrule (7) to adjust the distance depth-wise
- screw the nuts (6) and block the conical washers on the mechanical tubes.



DANGER

When cross-changing ferrules, always make sure that the other two ferrules are fastened, so that they hold the door.

Check the proper adjustment in depth ensuring that the door, manually pushed up to the stop plate, naturally returns remaining ajar. This is to ensure the hinge side fume seal.

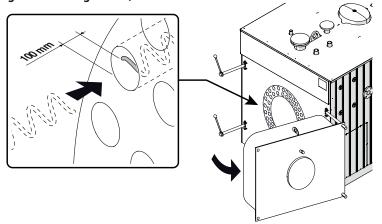
TURBULATOR ASSEMBLY

To assemble the turbulators supplied with the boiler, open the door and insert the turbulators completely into the smoke pipes, until they penetrate by at least 100 m.



DANGER

The turbulators have very pointed and sharp ends. Therefore, wear suitable protective gloves during insertion (equipment according to current regulation).



Data relevant to the size, diameter and length $(\emptyset xP)$ and to the quantities (no.) of the turbulators (Tb) for the various models are listed in the table "**Dimensions**" present in the paragraph "**Dimensions and connections**".

BURNER ASSEMBLY

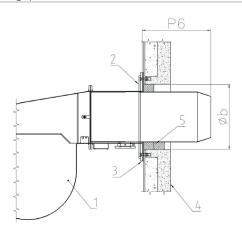
Having chosen the burner to be used, refer to the Manual supplied with it for information about:

- the installation and fastening to the boiler
- the connection to the fuel supply
- the electrical connections
- the adjustments to be made
- maintenance
- the necessary checks.



IMPORTANT

The strip of ceramic insulation supplied with the generator must be wrapped all around the mouthpiece at least once to protect the burner flange from the irradiation of the flame. It is not necessary for the ceramic insulation to fill the gap up to the internal surface of the door insulation. If the supplied material is not suitable for the used burner, use other material having characteristics suitable to withstand 1000°C and dimensions suitable to completely close the gap.



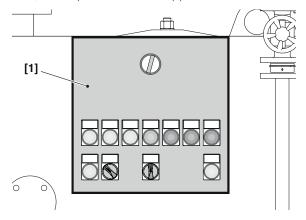




- 1 Burner
- 2 Flange
- **3** Gasket
- 4 Door
- **5** Thermoceramic material

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The generators are equipped with electrical panel (IP 55 protection rating) complete with all connections to the various generator components, already made in the factory. The panel model is determined by the version of the ordered generator and the wiring diagram, specific and detailed, is present inside the panel. The installer connections must be made by professionally qualified personnel, in compliance with the applicable Technical Standards and the local and national Legislation.



[1] For practical needs, the electric panel for models SIXEN 350÷800 vers. IT and SIXEN 350÷1350 vers. EXP is installed on the left, while for models SIXEN 1000÷5000 vers. IT and SIXEN 1700÷5000 vers. EXP is installed on the right. The drawing shows an example of steam boiler with panel on the right.



IMPORTANT

Connect the generator to an efficient earthing system. **ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.** is not liable for any damage caused by the lack of earthing and failure to comply with the wiring diagram.



PROHIBITION

Do not use the water and heating system pipes for the earthing connections.

LOADING AND SUPPLY OF THE GENERATOR/SYSTEM

The steam generator is fed with a multistage centrifugal pump. The water must reach the pump intake with a certain head in order to avoid cavitation.

The minimum temperature of the sucked water must be greater than 60° C; this favours the elimination of oxygen which, in any case, must be completely eliminated with suitable chemicals. Also, a water temperature > 60° C reduces the risk of thermal shock in the boiler.

The feed tank must be positioned at a height that depends on the temperature of the water in the degasser/feed tank, on the conformation of the degasser/pump-feed tank connection pipe and on the features of the pump itself (refer to the pump manual).



ATTENTION

- The oxygen dissolved in the water corrodes the boiler. Refer to the maximum allowed values indicated in the relevant section of the technical manual.
- Follow the table below to avoid pump cavitation problems.

DEGASSER TYPE	Water supply temperature (°C)	Head on the intake (metres)
	60	1
Atom contraction de marcon	70	2
Atmospheric degasser	80	3
	90	4,5
0.5 bar pressurised thermo-physical degasser	105	6
Pressurised thermophysical deaerator (3 bar)	120 [1]	7

^[1] Maximum pump suction temperature is 120°C.

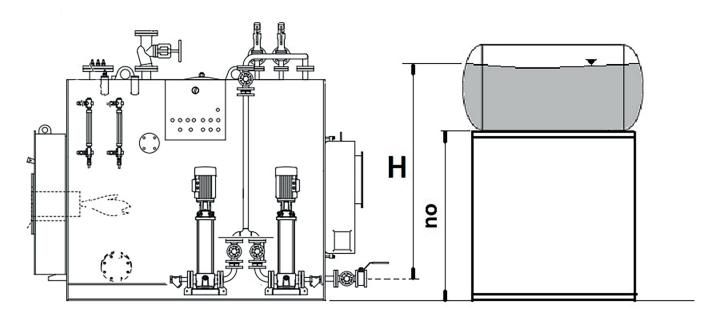


IMPORTANT

- Avoid using feed water at a temperature below 60°C because rich of dissolved oxygen, thus such to cause corrosion.

HYDROSTATIC HEAD DIAGRAM

Below is an example of hydrostatic head diagram.



WATER CHARACTERISTICS

The values in the following tables are extracted from tables 5.1 and 5.2 in EN 12953-10 (requirements concerning the quality of water supply and the water in the generator).

Even for generators that are not covered by the aforementioned provision it is however necessary to adopt at least the indicated limits and however, to refer to the specialised companies that manage selecting the type of treatment to be carried out on the basis of a thorough analysis of the water available.

5.1 Water supply - Threshold values (in input)

CHARACTERISTICS	u.m.	Steam generator water with pressure up to 20 bar			
Appearance		Clear, limpid, without foam or suspended solids			
Direct conductivity at 25°C	μS/cm	See table values "Operating water - threshold values"			
pH at 25°C (a)		> 9,2 ^[b]			
Total hardness (Ca+Mg)	mmol/l	< 0,01 [c]			
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0,3			
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	< 0,05			
Silica (SiO ₂)	mg/l	See the "Maximum acceptable silica content in the generator water up to 20 bar pressures" table			
Oxygen (O2)	mg/l	< 0,05 ^[d]			
Oily substances	mg/l	<1			
Concentration of organic substances	-	See note ^(e)			

[[]a] With copper alloys in the system the pH value must be kept within 8.7 and 9.2.

Maximum acceptable silica content in the generator water up to 20 bar pressures

Alkalinity	Silica
0,5 mmol/l	80 mg/l
5 mmol/l	105 mg/l
10 mmol/l	135 mg/l
15 mmol/l	160 mg/l

NOTE

These values are valid assuming the presence of a thermal deaerator. In the absence of the deaerator, it is appropriate, however, to raise the temperature of the water contained in the tank to at least 80°C to reduce the content of dissolved gas (O2 and CO2). It is, in any case, appropriate to use chemical conditioning to de-oxygenate the water supply completely and to minimise the corrosive CO2 effects.

 $^{^{[}b]}$ With a softened water pH value > 7.0, the pH of the generator water should be provided according to table 5.2.

[[]c] At operating pressure <1 bar, a maximum total hardness of 0.05 mmol/l must be acceptable.

^[d] Instead of respecting this value with intermittent operation or operation without deaerator, in case of agents forming the film and/or excess of oxygen, the additive must be used.

Organic substances are generally a mixture of various different compounds. The composition of such mixtures and the behaviour of their individual components under the steam generator operating conditions, are difficult to predict. Organic substances can be decomposed to form carbonic acid or other acid decomposition products that increase acid conductivity and cause corrosion and deposits. They can also lead to the formation of foam and/or production of steam with suspended water, that must be kept as low as possible.

5.2 Operating water - threshold values

		Steam generator water with pressure up to 20 bar							
CHARACTERISTICS	u.m.	Direct conductivity of the supply water > 30 μS/	Direct conductivity of the supply water ≤30 μS/						
		cm	cm						
Appearance		Clear, limpid, without foam or suspended solids							
Direct conductivity at 25°C	μS/cm	< 6000 [a]	< 1500						
pH at 25°C		10,5 - 12	10 - 11 ^{[b] [c]}						
Composite alkalinity	mmol/l	1 - 15 ^[a]	0,1 - 1 ^[c]						
Silica (SiO ₂)	mg/l	See the previous table "Maximum acceptable silica cont	ent in the boiler generator water up to 20 bar pressures"						
Phosphates (PO ₄) [e]	mg/l	10 - 30 6 - 15							
Organic substances	-	See note ^[d]							

- With a superheater consider as maximum value 50% of the value indicated as maximum.
- ^[b] Basic pH adjustment by injecting NaPO4, further injection of NaOH only if the pH value is < 10.
- If the acid conductivity of the generator feed water is < 0.2 μ S/cm, and its concentration of Na + K is <0.01 mg/l, the injection of phosphate is not required. It can be applied under AVT conditions (treatment with volatile chemicals, feed water pH \geq 9.2 and generator water pH \geq 8), in this case the conductivity of the generator water is < 5 μ S/cm.
- [d] If treatment with coordinated phosphate is used, considering all other values, higher concentrations of PO4 are acceptable.
- Organic substances are generally a mixture of various different compounds. The composition of such mixtures and the behaviour of their individual components under the generator operating conditions, are difficult to predict. Organic substances can be decomposed to form carbonic acid or other acid decomposition products that increase acid conductivity and cause corrosion and deposits. They can also lead to the formation of foam and/or production of steam with suspended water, that must be kept as low as possible.

FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS

The frequency of the analysis must be carried out according to the table in the periodic verifications paragraph. However, it is advisable to check the pH value, the total hardness and the alkalinity of the feed and operating water. It is good practice, especially under variable operating conditions, to monthly submit a significant sample of the feed and operating waters for complete analysis. It is also good practice to visually check the condensate returns for any highly polluting oily substances (reduction of evaporation on the surface of generator water due to a layer of oil).

PRELIMINARY CHECKS



IMPORTANT

- Before starting the steam generator, it is advisable to perform "Alkaline boiling" with subsequent passivation, to remove
 any processing residues. Considering the high risk deriving from incorrect chemical treatments, the operations must be
 carried out by professionally qualified personnel.
- Before start-up, open the door and insert the turbulators completely inside the front ends of the smoke pipes, taking care to push them inside by at least 100 mm.
- Check that all connections are fully tightened
- Check that the feed water pipe is clean, repeatedly washing it before final filling
- Close the drain valve, steam inlet and level indicator discharge
- Open the level and supply shut-off valves (upstream and downstream of the water pump)
- Check that the door closes properly
- Verify the presence and condition of all control and safety accessories supplied with the generator.

COMMISSIONING

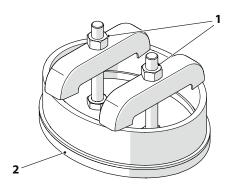
To start the steam generator:

- place the main switch at "ON" and electrically power the control panel
- electrically power the pump, briefly activating the selector, and check that:
 - the rotor rotates freely
 - the rotation direction should be correct (indicated in the rear side of the motor)
- place the pump selector at "**AUT**" and check that there is no consent to start the burner before the water has reached the minimum level
- check that the pump stops when the water reaches the maximum level visible in the glass indicator
- press, for at least 10 seconds, the reset button of the water safety level to activate the delayed type conductivity relay
- open the generator drain and check on the level indicator at which point the probe intervenes to start the pump
- position the pump selector at "**0**" leaving the generator drain open and check the level of intervention of the safety probes with reference to the minimum level plate
- close the generator drain and position the pump selector at "AUT"
- electrically power the burner, pressurise the generator and adjust the pressure value.



ATTENTION

- On the boilers equipped with manhole, during the first start-up, it is essential to progressively tighten the two nuts (1) of the hatch while pressure increases. Otherwise, the installation area may become dangerous for the operators in charge, due to steam seeping through and deteriorating gasket (2) rapidly.
- Check the intervention of all safety and adjustment accessories described in the relevant chapter.



CHECKS AFTER COMMISSIONING

With cold start, check that:

- the generator is filled with water up to the minimum level
- the volume increase due to heating (thermal expansion of the water) does not excessively increase the level making draining necessary at regular intervals to bring the level back to half scale of the glass indicator
- once the set pressure is reached, the steam outlet valve must be gradually opened in order to heat the delivery pipe, eliminating any condensation in the ducts
- the manhole gasket seals.

MANDATORY PERIODIC VERIFICATIONS

WATER LEVEL MONITORING

The operator of the system in the installation room must frequently check the glass indicator so as that the water level in the generator remains above the minimum value indicated in the glass level. A possible drop below the minimum value must cause the intervention of the two safety level switches.

PRESSURE MONITORING

The operator of the system in the installation room must frequently verify that the pressure of the generator steam remains below the maximum value indicated on the generator assembly plate; a possible abnormal increase of the pressure must cause, at first, the intervention of the safety pressure switch, then the opening of the safety valves.

STOP PERIODS

The most serious corrosions for the generator often occur during the stop periods.

The operations to be carried out to store the generator correctly essentially depend on the duration of the downtime. When the generator needs to be stopped **for long periods**, **dry storage** can be done. When the stops are **for short periods** or when the generator is used as a spare and must start running in a short amount of time, a **wet storage** can be made.

In both cases, the operations described below tend to eliminate any possible cause of corrosion.

When possible, wet storage reduces the time required to reach the operating conditions.

Dry storage

It is necessary to empty and dry the generator carefully, subsequently pouring a hygroscopic substance inside the cylindrical body (e.g. quick lime, silica gel, etc.).

Wet storage

Drain the water out and clean the entire generator. Fill the unit up to the normal operating level, and after a brief period of evaporation it is essential to vent all the dissolved gases into the atmosphere. Then, completely fill the generator, using enough DEHA (diethyl hydroxyl amine) to develop a residual concentration of more than 100 ppm, to prevent the attacks of oxygen dissolved in the water. Also add trisodium phosphate, so that the overall alkalinity is greater than 400 ppm.

Then, close all the connections.

Make sure there are no leaks from the connections or joints and draw samples of water at regular intervals, to check that the alkalinity value has not been altered.

28 Use

4 Maintenance

Periodic maintenance is an obligation required by the safety Legislation and duration of the appliance, and it must only be entrusted to professionally qualified personnel.

The frequency of the operations is shown in the specific paragraph.



IMPORTANT

Before performing any maintenance or cleaning:

- disconnect the electrical power supply by placing the main switch of the system, of the control panel and of the burner, if any, at "**OFF**"
- close the fuel supply
- use all Personal Protective Equipment required by current Standards and Legislation
- wait for the generator and the system to cool down.
- Periodically purge (level indicators, probe support, if any, generator) to avoid the build-up of sludge
- check the efficiency of the control and adjustment instruments by carefully examining the electrical parts, the connections and the mechanical parts (pressure switches); **it is recommended to replace the probe ceramic spark plugs annually**
- carry out burner maintenance (according to the relative instructions)
- check the torque of the flange bolts and the state of the gaskets
- check the state of the internal coating of the doors
- clean the tube bundle and turbulators
- carry out proper pump maintenance (bearings, mechanical seal)
- check the wear of the drain valves, replace them if necessary.

PERIODIC VERIFICATIONS

The frequency of verifications is shown in the table. **It MUST be strictly observed**.

Observation and tests	6 hours	1 day	1 week	1 month	3 months	6 months	12 months
Safety valves		0				T(9)	
Level indicators		T(4)					
"TDS-BWD" Unloading devices (if present)		T(5)					
Shut-off valves		0				T(10)	
Water load control devices		0					
Low level protection devices (if present)	T(1)	0				T(15)	
High level protection devices (if present)				T(3)			
Temperature and pressure indicators		0					
High pressure protection devices		0	T(2)				T(15)
Protection devices, quality of water in generator (if present)		0		T(7)			
Protection devices, quality of supply water (if present)		0				T(11)	
Safety systems		0				T(12)	
Pressurised parts, piping, flanges, joints				0			
Temperature, pressure control devices		0				T(13)	
Load system, pumps/valves		0			T(8)		
Analysis of the water quality		T(6)					
Burner control (combustion)		0					T(14)

O Observe the proper operation of the generator in all its parts.

There must be no leakage from the safety valves.

There must be no leakage from the shut-off valves, piping, flanges, joints, pressurised parts in general.

Visually check, through the glass indicators, the correct water level. Check pump(s), modulating valve (if installed).

Verify the correct display and adjustment of temperatures/pressures.

Check for alarms from the protection devices.

Verify the proper operation of the burner.

- T(1)Physical verification of the intervention of the devices (as described in the following paragraph "Checking of the minimum level safety level switches").
- T(2)Physical verification of the intervention of the devices (as described in the following paragraph "Checking of the minimum level safety level switches").
- T(3)Physical verification of the intervention of the devices (as described in the following paragraph "Checking of the minimum level safety level switches").
- *T*(4)*Purge the level indicators.*
- T(5)Manually verify, using the selectors on the panel front, the opening of the valves.
- T(6)Analysis of the water quality by taking a sample from the generator, check if it meets the specifications of EN12953-10 (see paragraph "Water characteristics").
- T(7)Analysis of the water quality by taking a sample from the generator and check it meets the indications of the TDS automatic control device.
- T(8)Carefully check the load system, correspondence of level in the glass indicators with the parameters described in this manual. T(9)Verification of safety valves by applying a sample pressure gauge to the generator, as reference of the exact intervention pressure. Verifications must be performed by qualified personnel.
- *T*(10) Check correct seal, grease, lubricate where necessary.
- T(11) Analysis of the water quality by taking a sample from the supply/treatment system, check if it meets the specifications of EN12953-10 (see paragraph "Water characteristics").
- T(12) Check the proper operation of all safety, electric and electronic circuits. Verifications must be performed by qualified personnel.
- T(13) Check the correct indications of the instrumentation with sample thermometers/pressure gauges. Verifications must be performed by qualified personnel.
- T(14) Check the burner, combustion control, safety devices. Verifications must be performed by qualified personnel.
- T(15) Bench check of the safety devices. Verifications must be performed by qualified personnel.



ATTENTION

The electronic level relays inside the electrical panel must be replaced after 8 years of operation as they have reached the end of their life-span.

METHODS FOR CHECKING THE SAFETY DEVICES

CHECKING OF THE MINIMUM LEVEL SAFETY LEVEL SWITCHES

Stand in front of the electrical panel, leave the steam outlet valve with removal regulator open, turn off the pump by putting the selector to "0", wait for the natural lowering of the generator water level. To speed up the operation act on the mud discharge valve.



IMPORTANT

The two safety devices must intervene when the water level reaches the "minimum" indicated on the side of the glass indicators. Otherwise, check the entire level switch consisting of:

- electronic level regulator; check it is intact and, if not, proceed with replacement
- connection cable between electrical panel and probe; possible interruption and/or short circuit
- level probe; check for possible breakage of the ceramic part and consequent loss of electrical insulation
- level dipstick; possible scaling that prevents water-probe current pass or possible detachment of the dipstick. If the check is positive, place the pump command to "AUT".

CHECK THE MAXIMUM LEVEL SWITCH (IF ANY)

Position the pump selector located on the electrical panel in the MAN position and wait for the water level in the generator to rise. Check that the pump stops when the maximum point visible in the glass indicator has been reached.

CHECK OF THE SAFETY PRESSURE SWITCH

The safety pressure switch calibration must be at least 0.5 bar below the calibration of the safety valves.

To check the correct intervention of the safety pressure switch, it is necessary to increase the calibration of the adjustment pressure switch(es) and ensure the switch-off of the burner and activation of the block on the boiler electrical panel by visually following the indication given by the pressure gauge.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

- Depending on the degree of pollution of the premises, clean the ventilation and/or the air conditioner (if present) filters and grilles frequently.
- Every 2-3 months check for dust deposits inside the panel, vacuum and/or blow to eliminate any deposits.
- Every six months check the clamping of the connections to the inner components, paying particular attention to the power circuits.
- Every six months check the clamping of the connections to the field control/safety devices, including any junction boxes.
- Annually check that the electrical panel, the generator and the control unit equipotential is properly connected to earth.
- Every six months check the condition of the safety devices (probes and pressure switches).
- Every six months check that the burner and pump(s) command circuits respect the original conditions (see the paragraph "**Commissioning**").



IMPORTANT

In order to preserve the proper operation of the generator over time, we recommend requesting a half-yearly/yearly inspection by the Technical Assistance Service, for a general check of all parts.

EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE

The generator must be stopped periodically for a thorough inspection and maintenance: the time interval between downtime is established through experience, by operating conditions, by the quality of the feed water, and by the type of fuel used. Before accessing the boiler body for inspection or cleaning, carefully ensure that there is no possibility of water or steam getting into the generator through the ducts that it is connected to. Every valve must be shut and, if required, isolated by removing a section of connecting pipe to the system or by placing a blind flange in between.

The pressurised parts must be carefully examined internally to look for any build-up, corrosion and other potential sources of danger pertaining to the feed water.

It is necessary to remove the deposits through mechanical or chemical action and use suitable tools to ensure that the actual thickness of the internal parts is not affected by corrosion. Any pockmark or other type of corrosion must be scraped and cleaned with an iron brush until the metal is exposed. Leaks between all fume pipes and tube sheets must be examined carefully: any welding must comply with legal requirements, not forgetting that the steam generator is a pressure appliance with an explosion hazard, subject to control by the relative Body.

During the inspection, check all safety accessories (safety valve, safety level switches and safety pressure switches).

LEVEL SWITCH REPLACEMENT

To replace the safety level switch or part of it, strictly observe the following instructions:

- check that the ceramic part of the new level probe is intact
- check the rod length
- check the coaxiality of the rod with the level probe axis
- check the integrity of the electrical system, in particular check that the insulation resistance of the electrical cable that connects the probe to the panel is above 2 $M\Omega$
- check the integrity of the probe with particular regard to the isolation between the central electrode and the external part, that must be \geq at 10 M Ω
- check the operation of the level switch, consisting of the assembly of the two ceramic probes and relative conductivity relays.



IMPORTANT

- The electronic level relays inside the electrical panel HAVE AN AVERAGE CALCULATED DURATION (MTTFd, "Mean Time To Failure") of 8 YEARS. It is an average time before a dangerous failure occurs. Therefore, they must be replaced after this operating period. We recommend replacing the probes once a year. To be evaluated, during cleaning/maintenance, the other mechanical, electromechanical and electronic parts.
- The faulty components must be replaced with ICI CALDAIE S.p.A. original components.

ANY ANOMALIES AND REMEDIES

ANOMALY	CAUSE	REMEDY
Safety valve(s) opening	Exceeding of the max pressure regulated on the valve that must be equal to the appliance design pressure	Adjustment of block pressure switches and/or limit too high
Safety varve(s) opening	Safety valve calibration loss	Check and subsequent calibration of the valve using a sample pressure gauge
Small leak from the safety valve(s) (leakage)	Dirt around the shutter seat	Cleaning of seat by sometimes acting on the manual opening lever
Sitialitieak from the salety valve(s) (leakage)	Scratched shutter seat	Valve disassembly and polishing of the internal seat with very fine abrasive paste
	Disconnected pump thermal relay	Check motor absorption
Pump block	Display display the fit	Check thermal calibration
	Blocked pump shaft	Electric pump maintenance
	Calibrated limit pressure switch too high	Limit pressure switch calibration
Block pressure switch intervention	Faulty limit pressure switch	Limit pressure switch replacement
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Clogged pressure switch coil	Coil cleaning or replacement
	Block pressure switch failure	Pressure switch replacement
	Interrupted water level detection	Encrusted stainless steel rod
	interrupted water level detection	Interrupted connection cable
Level 1 or 2 safety intervention	Faulty safety level relay	Temporary replacement of electronic safety relay with one of the two relays in the panel If the problem is solved, permanently replace the faulty relay.
	Lack of water filling	See "Loading" Problems
	Incorrect electrical panel probe power supply electrical cable wiring	Wiring diagram check
	Pump block	See "Pump block" Problems
	Dirty pump intake filter	Filter cleaning
	Level adjustment anomaly	Temporary replacement of electronic adjustment relay with one of the two relays in the panel. If the problem is solved, permanently replace the
Insufficient water loading	Level adjustment probes short-circuit	faulty relay. Disassemble the adjustment probes to visually check the ceramic insulation
	Pump cavitation	Head (=height difference between the collection vessel level and the pump) insufficient in relation to the water temperature
	· ·	Pump intake filter cleaning Reduce resistance of the duct between collection vessel and pump by increasing the passage section
	Pump rotation direction	Invert one of the phases (three-phase pump)
	Incorrect connection to the electrical panel	See the wiring diagram
	Faulty level safety relays	See "Level 1 or 2 safety intervention"
Burner always on	, , ,	Pressure switches calibration check
,	Block and/or adjustment pressure switches not active	Check of pressure switch connections to the electrical panel
	Burner problems	See specific Burner manual
	Burner fuses interrupted	Fuses replacement
Burner always off	No consent to burner from adjustment pressure switch	Adjustment pressure switch replacement
	No consent to burner from level safety relays	See "Level 1 or 2 safety intervention"
	Incorrect connection to the electrical panel	See the wiring diagram

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

Protection and respect for the environment is a fundamental principle for ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.

The quality of products, lower costs and protection of the environment are of equal importance for the company. **ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.**, also through ISO 14001 certification, strictly adheres to European laws and standards for the protection and preservation of the environment.

In order to reduce its impact on the environment, the company uses the best technology and materials in its production processes and always considers their economic impact.

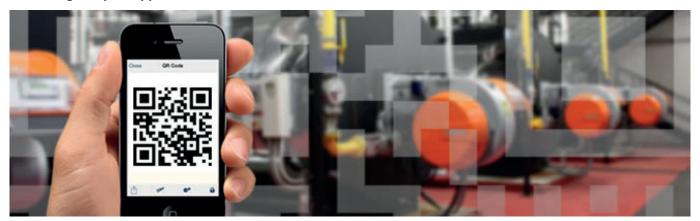
DECOMMISSIONING AND DISPOSAL

Decommissioned appliances contain materials that can be recycled since they do not contain asbestos or non-reusable hazardous materials.

Useful information and declarations

QR CODE

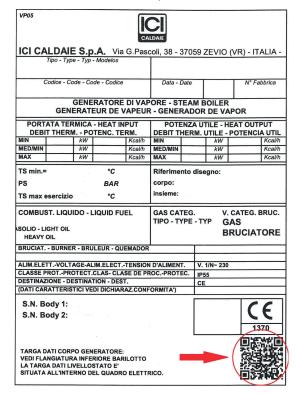
How to register your appliance



The appliance must be registered once the product has been installed, either before or after start-up.

Follow these steps:

- Obtain a smartphone (iPhone, Samsung Galaxy, Htc, Blackberry etc.) or a tablet
- after downloading and installing a "QR Reader" application (any free application is usually more than enough), open it and point the camera on the QR code located on the plate of your appliance (circled in the image)
- you will be sent back to a web page on which to register the data of your appliance and system by completing the indicated spaces.



Once registered, authenticate your e-mail address by clicking on the link that will be sent by e-mail to the provided inbox. An additional e-mail will then be received with the credentials to access all services specifically developed by **ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.** for those who will register their boiler through the QR Code.

Registration entitles you, even in future months and years, to take advantage of promotions and specific services for registered appliances (e.g.: discounts on spare parts, spare parts kits on sale, free routine maintenance for certain types of products, etc.).

For info: assistenza@icicaldaie.com o +39 0458738573

Useful information and declarations 33

6 Accessories

AVAILABLE ACCESSORIES

The accessories listed below are or can be installed on the **SIXEN** generators.

For further details see the **ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.** catalogue, at the Section INDUSTRIAL LINE – ACCESSORIES AND COMPONENTS. When requested at the time of ordering the generator, they are installed on the appliance before delivery.

1-pump modulating feed + Inverter

With this system, the level in the boiler is adjusted continuously by a PID controller that controls the rotation speed of the feed pump that is equipped with inverter.

The water flow rate is constantly adjusted to steam request, thus avoiding the cyclical steam production that can be checked with level controls of the on/off type, guaranteeing a continuous water flow delivery towards the boiler.

The use of the modulating feed is mandatory with the economiser, in order to ensure its correct operation.

1-pump modulating feed, panel with Inverter

With this system, the level in the boiler is adjusted continuously by a PID controller that controls the rotation speed of the feed pump(s).

The water flow rate is constantly adjusted to steam request, thus avoiding the cyclical steam production that can be checked with level controls of the on/off type, guaranteeing a continuous water flow delivery towards the boiler.

The use of the modulating feed is mandatory with the economiser, in order to ensure its correct operation.

2-pump modulating feed + Inverter

With this system, the level in the boiler is adjusted continuously by a PID controller that controls the rotation speed of the feed pump that is equipped with inverter.

The water flow rate is constantly adjusted to steam request, thus avoiding the cyclical steam production that can be checked with level controls of the on/off type, guaranteeing a continuous water flow delivery towards the boiler.

The use of the modulating feed is mandatory with the economiser, in order to ensure its correct operation.

Salinity control unit (TDS electric)

The TDS control system limits the level of salts and minerals dissolved in the generator water within the value allowed by the manufacturer, thus avoiding drag risks due to excessively high levels of salinity and minimising the amount of purge required and related costs.

The system consists of an on-line kit connected to a specific connection in the generator, just below the water level.

It works by opening the drain valve at regular intervals so that a precise amount of water reaches the conductivity probe located inside the measuring chamber placed in line with the drain valve. The probe measures the electrical conductivity of the generator water, whose value is related to the concentration of dissolved salts. The detected value is compared with that set in the regulator. If lower, the valve closes at the end of the drain time. If higher, the system continues to repeat the draining cycle until the measured value returns within the limits.

34 Accessories

Salinity control unit TDS Electric light

For \leq BX 600, \leq BNX 1000 and \leq SIXEN 2000 generators, electrically and hydraulically assembled to the generator.

The TDS control system limits the level of salts and minerals dissolved in the generator water within the value allowed by the manufacturer, thus avoiding drag risks due to excessively high levels of salinity and minimising the amount of purge required and related costs.

The system consists of an on-line kit connected to a specific connection in the generator, just below the water level. It works by opening the drain valve at regular intervals so that a precise amount of water reaches the conductivity probe located inside the measuring chamber placed in line with the drain valve. The probe measures the electrical conductivity of the generator water, whose value is related to the concentration of dissolved salts. The detected value is compared with that set in the regulator. If lower, the valve closes at the end of the drain time. If higher, the system continues to repeat the draining cycle until the measured value returns within the limits.

Salinity Control Unit (TDS Pneumatic)

The TDS control system limits the level of salts and minerals dissolved in the generator water within the value allowed by the manufacturer, thus avoiding drag risks due to excessively high levels of salinity and minimising the amount of purge required and related costs.

The system continuously measures, just below the evaporation surface, the electrical conductivity of the generator water whose value is related to the concentration of dissolved salts. The detected value is compared with the set value. If it is higher, the purge valve opens until the value returns below the setpoint.

"BNX" - "BBNX" Automatic purging unit

The automatic bottom drain unit avoids unnecessary repetitions or purge omissions that occur with the manual system. This system allows for the sludge accumulated on the bottom of the generator to be regularly evacuated automatically through the cyclical opening of the purge valve. The frequency and duration of the purges must be set by the user according to the characteristics of the generator water as indicated in the technical manual of the generator. The system requires compressed air.

GSS 72/1 72h global safety system for ≤ BX 600, ≤ BNX 1000, ≤ SIXEN 2000 and GSX ≤ 2000 generators

GSS 72/1 global safety system, designed and built to guarantee total safety of operation of steam generators.

The supply of the 72 hour exemption system without continuous supervision offered by **ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.** is provided with B+F certification form, which implies testing the assembly, during construction or use, in the presence of the appointed Notified Body. At start-up, a verification report is officially completed and stamped to allow the immediate commissioning of the assembly itself, without waiting for the competent Authorities to certify the safety of the system, with the timing of the case. The user remains responsible for complying with the provisions of M.D. 329/2004 regarding commissioning (COMMISSIONING REPORT). Applicable on steam generators (BX 60÷600)-(BNX 100÷1000)-(SIXEN 350÷2000)-(GSX 350÷2000).



ATTENTION

The GSS 72/1 system can only be applied to boilers with boiling pressure of 12 bar or less.

GSS 72/2X global safety system

GSS 72/2X global safety system, designed and built to guarantee total safety of operation of steam generators.

The supply of the 72 hour exemption system without continuous supervision offered by **ICI CALDAIE S.p.A.** is provided with B+F certification form, which implies testing the assembly, during construction or use, in the presence of the appointed Notified Body. At start-up, a verification report is officially completed and stamped to allow the immediate commissioning of the assembly itself, without waiting for the competent Authorities to certify the safety of the system, with the timing of the case. The user remains responsible for complying with the provisions of M.D. 329/2004 regarding commissioning (COMMISSIONING REPORT).

High level safety kit

Kit designed to prevent an excessive increase of water level inside the boiler.

Once the set level is reached, the system stops the supply pump and triggers an acoustic alarm.

Alarm resetting and pump restart automatically occur once normal level in the boiler is restored.

Accessories 35

Self-checking high level safety kit

This system ensures that the level in the boiler does not exceed the allowed value thus avoiding flood problems.

It consists of a "fail safe" probe connected to an electronic level relay with self-checking feature, capable of indicating:

- the presence of water above the set level
- the lack of insulation inside the probe
- faults inside the device (self-check)
- interruption of the connection between the probe and the device in compliance with EN 12953-9 point 5.4.8.

When it trips, the system triggers a visual and an acoustic alarm and stops the feed pump temporarily.

The alarm is reset automatically once the level is again below the allowed maximum value.

The system is supplied completely assembled to the boiler and tested. It complies with the main European Directives:

- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU.

Self-checking low level safety kit

This system, supplied as an alternative to the standard low level probes, is designed to ensure that the level in the boiler does not go below the allowed value.

It consists of two independent "fail safe" probes connected to two separated electronic level relays with self-checking feature, capable of indicating:

- the lack of water below the set level
- the lack of insulation inside the probe
- faults inside the device (self-check)
- interruption of the connection between the probe and the device in compliance with EN 12953-9 point 5.4.8.

When it trips, the system triggers a visual and an acoustic alarm and stops the boiler permanently.

The boiler operation is resumed only after the manual reset and the elimination of the error by the operator.

The system is supplied completely assembled to the boiler and tested. It complies with the main European Directives:

- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
- EMC Directive 2014/30/EU
- PED Directive 2014/68/EU.

Modulating level regulation system with 2-way electric valve

With this system, the level in the boiler is adjusted continuously by a PID controller that controls the opening of a modulating valve placed downstream the feed pump kept always running.

The water flow rate is constantly adjusted to steam request, thus avoiding the cyclical steam production that can be checked with level controls of the on/off type.

By ensuring a continuous water delivery flow towards the boiler, the use of the modulating feed is mandatory with the economiser, in order to ensure its correct operation.

Economiser ECXV model

Economiser for the recovery of exhaust gas heat to pre-heat the water delivery; supplied fitted and connected vertically to the boiler and complete with accessories.

Spare feed pump (for steam generators)

In order to ensure continuous operation of the generator, avoiding production stops in case of feed pump failure, a second spare pump is installed in parallel to the service pump.

Cooler for sampling

To make sure that the generator is working within the desired conductivity parameters, take water samples and analyse them. To safely obtain accurate samples, it is essential to perform adequate cooling in order to condensate any fresh steam before the sampling point. The cooler reduces the water temperature to 25°C, ready for immediate sampling.

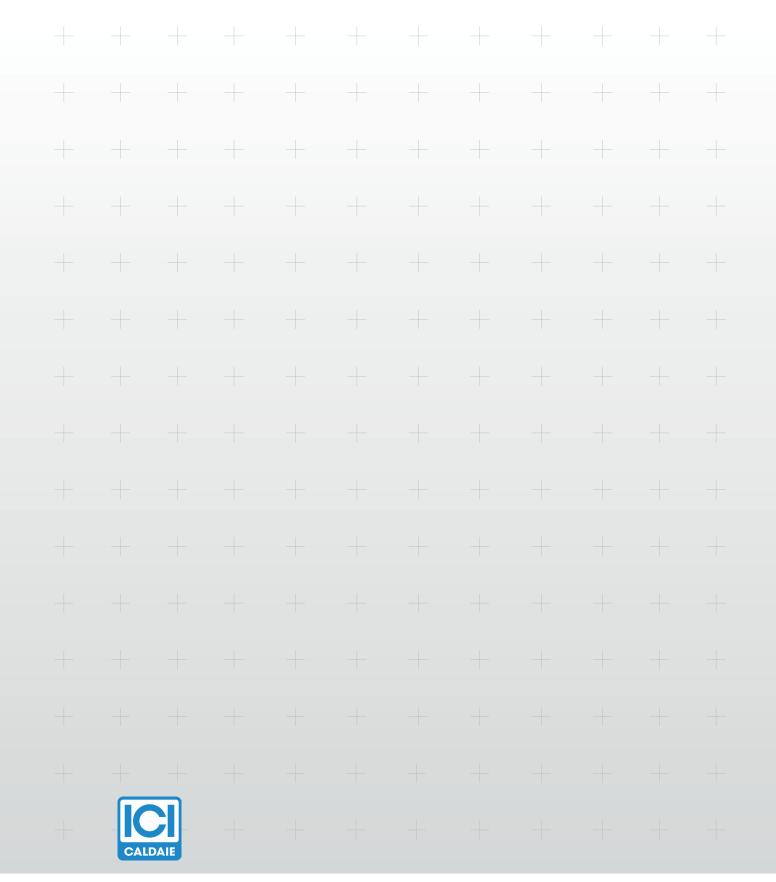
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7 Notes



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